Submission Data File

General Information						
10-Q						
Min Jung						
212-402-6868						
Non-Accelerated Filer						
0000885462 (GULF RESOURCES, INC.)						

N						
Yes						
No						
Yes						
No						
NASD						
03-31-2021						
No						
No						

Document Information							
File Count*	4						
Document Name 1*	e620587_10q-gulf.htm						
Document Type 1*	10-Q						
Document Description 1							
Document Name 2*	e620587_ex31-1.htm						
Document Type 2*	EX-31.1						
Document Description 2							
Document Name 3*	e620587_ex31-2.htm						
Document Type 3*	EX-31.2						
Document Description 3							
Document Name 4*	e620587_ex32-1.htm						
Document Type 4*	EX-32.1						
Document Description 4							
(End Document Information)							

Notifications					
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e620587_10q-gulf.htm	10-Q	1 of 32
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

\boxtimes	QUARTERLY REPORT PUR 1934	SUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	For the quarterly period ended M	arch 31, 2021		
	Or			
	TRANSITION REPORT PURS 1934	SUANT TO SECTION 13	OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	For the transition period from	to		
		Commission File Number	: 001-34499	
		JLF RESOURC et name of registrant as spec	,	
(Nevada State or other jurisdiction of incorp	poration or organization)		13-3637458 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
Lo	evel 11,Vegetable Building, Indust Shouguang City, Sh (Address of principal exe	nandong,		262700 (Zip Code)
Registrant's tele	ephone number, including area cod	le: +86 (536) 567 0008		
Securities regist	tered pursuant to Section 12(b) of	he Act:		
	Title of each class n Stock, \$0.0005 par value	Trading Symbol GURE	(s) Nam	ne of each exchange on which registered NASDAQ Global Select Market
Act of 1934 du		or such shorter period that the		on 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange aired to file such reports), and (2) has been
Rule 405 of Reg				File required to be submitted pursuant to h shorter period that the registrant was
company or an		ne definitions of "large acce		n-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting crated filer", "smaller reporting company"
Large accelerated			Accelerated filer Smaller reporting cor Emerging Growth Co	
	growth company, indicate by check r revised financial accounting stand			extended transition period for complying Exchange Act.
Indicate by chee	ck mark whether the registrant is a	shell company (as defined	n Rule 12b-2 of the I	Exchange Act).
Yes □ No ⊠	1			
As of May 17, 2	2021, the registrant had outstanding	g 10,469,477 shares of com	mon stock.	

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in U.S. dollars)

	M	farch 31, 2021 Unaudited	De	cember 31, 2020 Audited	
Current Assets					
Cash	\$	96,699,324	\$	94,222,538	
Accounts receivable		4,859,705		6,521,798	
Inventories, net		576,607		419,609	
Prepayments and deposits		2,449,526		6,146,461	
Other receivable		559		559	
Total Current Assets		104,585,721		107,310,965	
Non-Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment, net		149,966,631		148,947,689	
Finance lease right-of use assets		183,550		186,272	
Operating lease right-of –use assets		8,662,972		8,868,661	
Prepaid land leases, net of current portion		10,063,469		10,134,004	
Deferred tax assets		19,131,925		18,590,227	
Total non-current assets		188,008,547		186,726,853	
Total Assets	\$	292,594,268	\$	294,037,818	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts and other payable and accrued expenses	\$	8,549,889	\$	5,081,701	
Taxes payable-current		1,405,772		1,326,179	
Finance lease liability, current portion		250,591		217,070	
Operating lease liabilities, current portion		317,544		477,350	
Total Current Liabilities		10,523,796		7,102,300	
Non-Current Liabilities	·	- , ,		., . ,	
Finance lease liability, net of current portion		1,875,592		1,888,903	
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		7,857,421		8,022,342	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		9,733,013		9,911,245	
Total Liabilities	\$	20,256,809	\$	17,013,545	
		, ,			
Commitment and Loss Contingencies					
	\$	_	\$	_	
Stockholders' Equity					
PREFERRED STOCK; \$0.001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none					
outstanding	\$	_	\$	_	
COMMON STOCK; \$0.0005 par value; 80,000,000 shares authorized; 10,043,307					
shares issued; and 9,997,477 shares outstanding as of March 31, 2021 and December					
31, 2020, respectively		24,139		24,139	
Treasury stock; 45,830 shares as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 at cost		(510,329)		(510,329)	
Additional paid-in capital		97,435,316		97,435,316	
Retained earnings unappropriated		148,886,232		151,388,356	
Retained earnings appropriated		24,233,544		24,233,544	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		2,268,557		4,453,247	
Total Stockholders' Equity		272,337,459		277,024,273	
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	292,594,268	\$	294,037,818	

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

		Three-Month Mar	n Period ch 31,			
		2021		2020		
NET DEVENHIE						
NET REVENUE	ф	5 250 242	Ф	557 (70		
Net revenue	\$	5,259,243	\$	557,670		
OPERATING EXPENSE						
Cost of net revenue		(4,181,389)		(021 220)		
		(9,545)		(921,320)		
Sales, marketing and other operating expenses Direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown		(2,613,483)		(2,243) (3,610,423)		
General and administrative expenses		(1,736,250)		(' ' ' '		
Other operating expense		(1,/30,230)		(843,337)		
Other operating expense		(0.540.665)		(15,776)		
		(8,540,667)		(5,393,099)		
LOCCEDOM ODED ATIONS		(2.201.424)		(4.025.420)		
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(3,281,424)		(4,835,429)		
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)						
Interest expense		(36,862)		(35,428)		
Interest income		72,453		74,656		
LOSS BEFORE TAXES		(3,245,833)		(4,796,201)		
LOSS BEFORE TAXES		(3,243,633)		(4,790,201)		
INCOME TAX BENEFIT		743,709		1,256,443		
NET LOSS	\$	(2,502,124)	\$	(3,539,758)		
THE EOOS	Φ	(2,302,124)	Ф	(3,339,736)		
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS:						
NET LOSS	\$	(2,502,124)	\$	(3,539,758)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	Ψ	(=,00=,1=1)	.	(0,000,100)		
- Foreign currency translation adjustments		(2,184,690)		(4,515,359)		
y y		() -)		()))		
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(4,686,814)	\$	(8,055,117)		
LOSS PER SHARE:						
BASIC AND DILUTED	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.37)		
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES:						
BASIC AND DILUTED		9,997,477		9,517,427		
DASIC AND DILUTED		2,221,711		9,311,721		
See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements						

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in U.S. dollars)

	Commo	n stock						Accumulated
Number	Number	Number			Additional	Retained	Retained	other
of shares	of shares	of treasury		Treasury	paid-in	earnings	earnings	comprehensive
issued	outstanding	stock	Amount	stock	capital	unappropriated	appropriated	Income(loss)

	issued	outstanding	stock	 Amount	 stock	capital	unappropriated	appropriated	Income(loss)	Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Audited)	10,043,307	9,997,477	45,830	\$ 24,139	\$ (510,329)	\$ 97,435,316	\$ 151,388,356	\$ 24,233,544	\$ 4,453,247	\$ 277,024,273
Translation adjustment Net loss for three-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,184,690)	(2,184,690)
month period ended March 31, 2021				 _	 _		(2,502,124)			(2,502,124)
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2021 (Unaudited)	10,043,307	9,997,477	45,830	\$ 24,139	\$ (510,329)	\$ 97,435,316	\$ 148,886,232	\$ 24,233,544	\$ 2,268,557	\$ 272,337,459

		Commo	n stock								
	Number of shares issued	Number of shares outstanding	Number of treasury stock	 Amount		Treasury stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings unappropriated	Retained earnings appropriated	other comprehensive Income(loss)	Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31,											
2019 (Audited)	9,563,257	9,517,427	45,830	\$ 23,904	\$	(510,329)	\$ 95,043,388	\$ 159,808,400	\$ 24,233,544	\$ (15,491,807)	\$ 263,107,100
Translation adjustment	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	(4,515,359)	(4,515,359)
Net loss for three- month period ended March 31, 2020								(2.520.759)			(2.520.759)
BALANCE AT				 	-			(3,539,758)			(3,539,758)
MARCH 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	9,563,257	9,517,427	45,830	\$ 23,904	\$	(510,329)	\$ 95,043,388	\$ 156,268,642	\$ 24,233,544	\$ (20,007,166)	\$ 255,051,983

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

	,	Three-Month Peri	od Ende	d March 31,	
		2021	2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net loss	\$	(2,502,124)	\$	(3,539,758)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:					
Interest on capital lease obligation		35,538		35,272	
Depreciation and amortization		4,104,357		3,454,891	
Unrealized exchange (gain) loss on translation of inter-company balances		104,812		(400,449)	
Deferred tax asset		(743,709)		(1,256,443)	
Common stock issued for services		_		_	
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable		1,637,800		4,245,576	
Inventories		(162,099)		523	
Prepayments and deposits		(71,888)		54,350	
Other receivables		_		_	
Accounts and Other payable and accrued expenses		830,751		(41,562)	
Retention payable		_		_	
Taxes payable		72,758		(18,999)	
Prepaid land leases		_		(369,066)	
Operating leases		35,199		38,022	
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,341,395		2,202,357	
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		_		(7,416,211)	
Net cash used in investing activities	,	_		(7, 416,211)	
				() / /	
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES					
ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(864,609)		(1,455,442)	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	·	2,476,786		(6,669,296)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF PERIOD		94,222,538		100,301,986	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD	\$	96,699,324	\$	93,632,690	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF TERROD	Φ	90,099,324	Φ	93,032,090	
GUEDNI EN TENTE LA DIGGLOGUIRE OF GAGILEL ON INTERNAL TION					
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Cash paid during the period for:					
Income taxes	\$		\$		
Operating right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$	_	\$	_	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH NON-CASH INVESTING AND					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in Property, plant and equipment transferred from Prepayment and deposits					
and included in Accounts and other payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,199,214	\$	_	
• •		-, -, -, -	<u> </u>		

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared by Gulf Resources, Inc ("Gulf Resources") a Nevada corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), without audit, in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not necessarily include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair statement of its financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP").

In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial information for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 presented reflects all adjustments, which are only normal and recurring, necessary for a fair statement of results of operations, financial position and cash flows. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of operating results for an entire fiscal year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts that are reported in the financial statements and accompanying disclosures. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Company may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from the estimates. The Company also exercises judgments in the preparation of these condensed financial statements in the areas including classification of leases and related party transactions.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Gulf Resources, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Upper Class Group Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which owns 100% of Hong Kong Jiaxing Industrial Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong ("HKJI"). HKJI owns 100% of Shouguang City Haoyuan Chemical Company Limited ("SCHC") which owns 100% of Shouguang Yuxin Chemical Industry Co., Limited ("SYCI") and Daying County Haoyuan Chemical Company Limited ("DCHC"). All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

(b) Nature of the Business

The Company manufactures and trades bromine and crude salt through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shouguang City Haoyuan Chemical Company Limited ("SCHC") in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), which is also planning to engage in seawater desalination technology research and service and to handle the import and export of goods and technologies within the scope permitted by the State. The Company also manufactures chemical products for use in the oil industry, pesticides, paper manufacturing industry and for human and animal antibiotics through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shouguang Yuxin Chemical Industry Co., Limited ("SYCI") in the PRC. DCHC was established to further explore and develop natural gas and brine resources (including bromine and crude salt) in the PRC. DCHC commenced trial operation in January 2019 but suspended production temporarily in May 2019 as required by the government to obtain project approval (see Note 1 (b)(iii) below).

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) officially declared COVID-19 a pandemic. The duration and intensity of the impact of the COVID-19 and resulting disruption to the Company's operations and financial position is uncertain. While our operations are currently not materially affected, it is unknown whether or how they may be affected if such a pandemic persists for an extended period. While not yet quantifiable, the Company believes this situation did not have a material adverse impact on its operating results in the first quarter of 2021 and will continue to assess the financial impact. The virus outbreak slightly delayed the commencement of the operations for Factory No.1, No.4, No.7, No.9, and it may also delay the approval for the remaining three factories include No.2, No.8 and No.10. It is, however, still unclear how the pandemic will evolve going forward, and we cannot assure you whether the COVID-19 pandemic will bring about significant negative impact on our business operations, financial condition and operating results, including but not limited to negative impact to our total revenues.

(i) Bromine and Crude Salt Segments

In February 2019, the Company received a notification from the local government of Yangkou County that its Factory No. 1, No. 4, No. 7 and No. 9 passed inspection and could resume operations. In April 2019, Factory No.1, and Factory No.7 resumed operation.

On November 25, 2019, the government of Shouguang City issued a notice ordering all bromine facilities in Shouguang City, including the Company's bromine facilities, including Factory No.1 and Factory No. 7, to temporarily stop production from December 16, 2019 to February 10, 2020. Subsequently, due to the coronavirus outbreak in China, the local government ordered those bromine facilities to postpone the commencement of production. Subsequently, the Company received an approval dated February 27, 2020 issued by the local governmental authority which allowed the Company to resume production after the winter temporary closure. Further, the Company received another approval from the Shouguang Yangkou People's Government dated March 5, 2020 allowing the Company to resume production at its bromine factories No.1, No. 4, No.7 and No. 9 in order to meet the needs of bromide products for epidemic prevention and control (the "March 2020 Approval"). The Company's Factories No. 1 and No. 7 commenced trial production in mid-March 2020 and commercial production on April 3, 2020 and its Factories No. 4 and No. 9 commenced commercial production on May 6, 2020.

Pursuant to the notification issued on November 24, 2020 from the government of Shouguang City, all bromine facilities in Shouguang City had to be temporarily closed from December 25, 2020 until February 19, 2021 8:00 AM China Time. To comply with such notification, the Company temporarily stopped production at its bromine facilities in factory No. 1, No. 4, No. 7 and No. 9 during the aforesaid period and commenced production as scheduled on February 19, 2021.

(ii) Chemical Segment

On November 24, 2017, the Company received a letter from the Government of Yangkou County, Shouguang City notifying the Company to relocate its two chemical production plants located in the second living area of the Qinghe Oil Extraction to the Bohai Marine Fine Chemical Industrial Park ("Bohai Park"). This is because the two plants are located in a residential area and their production activities will

impact the living environment of the residents. This is as a result of the country's effort to improve the development of the chemical industry, manage safe production and curb environmental pollution accidents effectively, and ensure the quality of the living environment of residents. All chemical enterprises which do not comply with the requirements of the safety and environmental protection regulations will be ordered to shut down.

In December 2017, the Company secured from the government the land use rights for its chemical plants located at the Bohai Park and in June 2018, the Company presented a completed construction design draft and other related docu15ments to the local authorities for approval. In January 2020, the Company obtained the environmental protection assessment approval performed by the government of Shouguang City, Shandong Province for the proposed new Yuxin chemical factory. With this approval, the Company is permitted to construct the new chemical factory and began the construction in the second quarter of 2020.

The Company estimates this relocation process will cost approximately \$64 million in total. The Company incurred relocation costs comprising prepaid land lease, professional fees related to the design of the new chemical factory, purchase of plant and equipment and construction costs and installation costs incurred for the new chemical factory in the amount of \$35,635,297 and \$33,496,295, which were recorded in the Property, plant and equipment in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

(iii) Natural Gas Segment

In January 2017, the Company completed the first brine water and natural gas well field construction in Daying located in Sichuan Province and commenced trial production in January 2019. On May 29, 2019, the Company received a verbal notice from the government of Tianbao Town ,Daying County, Sichuan Province, whereby the Company is required to obtain project approval for its well located in Daying, including the whole natural gas and brine water project, and approvals for safety production inspection, environmental protection assessment, and to solve the related land issue. Until these approvals have been received, the Company has to temporarily halt trial production at its natural gas well in Daying. In compliance with the Chinese government new policies, the Company is also required to obtain an exploration license and a mining license for bromine and natural gas, respectively. Pursuant to the Opinions of the Ministry of Natural Resources on Several Issues in Promoting the Reform of Mineral Resources Management (Trial) promulgated by the Ministry of Natural Resources of PRC on January 9, 2020, which came into effect on May 1, 2020, privately owned enterprises are allowed to participate in the natural gas production. The Company plans to proceed with its applications for the natural gas and brine project approvals with related government departments until after the governmental planning has been finalized the land and resource planning for Sichuan Province.

(c) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were no allowances for doubtful accounts. No allowances for doubtful accounts were charged to the condensed consolidated statements of loss for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

The Company collected from its accounts receivable an amount of \$3,396,688 in April 2021 through May 5, 2021.

(d) Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in the normal course of business, primarily related to accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents. Substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are maintained with financial institutions in the PRC, namely, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, China Merchants Bank Company Limited and Sichuan Rural Credit Union, which are not insured or otherwise protected. The Company placed \$96,699,324 and \$94,222,538 with these institutions as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts in the PRC.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Expenditures for new facilities or equipment, and major expenditures for betterment of existing facilities or equipment are capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method at rates sufficient to depreciate such costs less 5% residual value over the estimated productive lives. All other ordinary repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

Mineral rights are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Mineral rights are amortized ratably over the term of the lease, or the equivalent term under the units of production method, whichever is shorter.

Construction in process primarily represents direct costs of construction of property, plant and equipment. Costs incurred are capitalized and transferred to property, plant and equipment upon completion and depreciation will commence when the completed assets are placed in service.

The Company's depreciation and amortization policies on property, plant and equipment, other than mineral rights and construction in process, are as follows:

	Useful life (in years)
Buildings (including salt pans)	8 - 20
Plant and machinery (including protective shells, transmission channels and ducts)	3 - 8
Motor vehicles	5
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-8

Property, plant and equipment under the capital lease are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets, or where shorter, the term of the lease.

Producing oil and gas properties are depreciated on a unit-of-production basis over the proved developed reserves. Common facilities that are built specifically to service production directly attributed to designated oil and gas properties are depreciated based on the proved developed reserves of the respective oil and gas properties on a pro-rata basis. Common facilities that are not built specifically to service identified oil and gas properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Costs associated with significant development projects are not depreciated until commercial production commences and the reserves related to those costs are excluded from the calculation of depreciation.

(f) Retirement Benefits

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the Company participates in a defined contribution retirement plan for its employees arranged by a governmental organization. The Company makes contributions to the retirement plan at the applicable rate based on the employees' salaries. The required contributions under the retirement plans are charged to the condensed consolidated statement of income on an accrual basis when they are due. The Company's contributions totaled \$246,622 and \$140,108 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(g) Revenue Recognition

Net revenue is net of discount and value added tax and comprises the sale of bromine, crude salt and chemical products. Revenue is recognized when the control of the promised goods is transferred to the customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive from the customers in exchange for those goods. The acknowledgement of receipt of goods by the customers is when control of the product is deemed to be transferred. Invoicing occurs upon acknowledgement of receipt of the goods by the customers. Customers have no rights to return the goods upon acknowledgement of receipt of goods. Revenue from contracts with customers is disaggregated in Note 14.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

(h) Recoverability of Long-lived Assets

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-10-35 "Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets", long-lived assets to be held and used are analyzed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable or that the useful lives of those assets are no longer appropriate. The Company evaluates at each balance sheet date whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate possible impairment.

The Company determines the existence of such impairment by measuring the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) and comparing such amount to the carrying amount of the assets. An impairment loss, if one exists, is then measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the discounted estimated future cash flows. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value of such assets less costs to sell. Asset impairment charges are recorded to reduce the carrying amount of the long-lived asset that will be sold or disposed of to their estimated fair values. Charges for the asset impairment reduce the carrying amount of the long-lived assets to their estimated salvage value in connection with the decision to dispose of such assets.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company determined that there were no events or circumstances indicating possible additional impairment of its long-lived assets.

(i) Basic and Diluted Net Income per Share of Common Stock

Basic earnings per common share are based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the periods presented. Diluted earnings per share are computed using weighted average number of common shares plus dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period. Potential common shares that would have the effect of increasing diluted earnings per share are considered to be anti-dilutive, i.e. the exercise prices of the outstanding stock options were greater than the market price of the common stock. Anti-dilutive common stock equivalents which were excluded from the calculation of number of dilutive common stock equivalents amounted to 62,704 and 113,370 shares for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Because the Company reported a net loss for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, common stock equivalents including stock options and warrants were anti-dilutive, therefore the amounts reported for basic and diluted loss per share were the same.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

(j) Reporting Currency and Translation

The financial statements of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are measured using the local currency, Renminbi ("RMB"), as the functional currency; whereas the functional currency and reporting currency of the Company is the United States dollar ("USD" or "\$").

As such, the Company uses the "current rate method" to translate its PRC operations from RMB into USD, as required under FASB ASC 830 "Foreign Currency Matters". The assets and liabilities of its PRC operations are translated into USD using the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. The capital accounts are translated at the historical rate. Adjustments resulting from the translation of the balance sheets of the Company's PRC subsidiaries are recorded in stockholders' equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive income. The statement of income and comprehensive income is translated at average rate during the reporting period. Gains or losses resulting from transactions in currencies other than the functional currencies are recognized in net income for the reporting periods as part of general and administrative expense. The statement of cash flows is translated at average rate during the reporting period, with the exception of the consideration paid for the acquisition of business which is translated at historical rates.

(k) Foreign Operations

All of the Company's operations and assets are located in PRC. The Company may be adversely affected by possible political or economic events in this country. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted.

(1) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined on a first-in first-out cost basis, or net realizable value. Costs of work-in-progress and finished goods comprise direct materials, direct labor and an attributable portion of manufacturing overhead. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling price less costs to complete and selling expenses.

(m) Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Finance leases are included in finance lease ROU assets and finance lease liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease and finance lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at January 1, 2019 based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term discounted using the rate implicit in the lease. In cases where the implicit rate is not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company does not recognize operating lease ROU assets and liabilities arising from lease arrangements with lease term of twelve months or less.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

(n) Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based awards issued to employees are recorded at their fair values estimated at grant date using the Black-Scholes model and the portion that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as compensation cost over the requisite service period. Consistent with the accounting requirement for employee stock-based awards, nonemployee stock-based awards are measured at the grant-date fair value of the equity instruments that the Company is obligated to issue when the good has been delivered or the service has been rendered and any other conditions necessary to earn the right to benefit from the instruments have been satisfied.

The Company has elected to account for the forfeiture of stock-based awards as they occur.

(o) Loss Contingencies

The Company accrues for loss contingencies relating to legal matters, including litigation defense costs, claims and other contingent matters, including liquidated damage liabilities, when such liabilities become probable and could be reasonably estimabled. Such estimates may be based on advice from third parties or on management's judgment, as appropriate. Revisions to accruals are reflected in earnings (loss) in the period in which different facts or information become known or circumstances change that affect the Company's previous assumptions with respect to the likelihood or amount of loss. Amounts paid upon the ultimate resolution of such liabilities may be materially different from previous estimates.

(p) Income Tax

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the Income Taxes Topic of the FASB ASC, which requires the use of the liability method of accounting for deferred income taxes. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences on future years of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts at each period end. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that are expected to apply to taxable income for the years in which those tax assets and liabilities are expected to be realized or settled. The deferred income tax effects of a change in tax rates are recognized in the period of enactment. If it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized. The guidance also provides criteria for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of uncertain tax positions. A tax benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable based solely on its technical merits. Interests and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are included within the (benefit from) provision for income tax in the consolidated statement of profit (loss).

(q) New Accounting Pronouncements

Recent accounting pronouncements adopted

There were no recent accounting pronouncements adopted during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The amendments in this Update affect loans, debt securities, trade.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

receivables, and any other financial assets that have the contractual right to receive cash. The ASU requires an entity to recognize expected credit losses rather than incurred losses for financial assets. For public entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For the Company which is a smaller reporting company, ASU No. 2019-10 extends the effective dates for two years. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this on the condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosure.

NOTE 2 – INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of:

	 March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020
Raw materials	\$ 39,855	\$	21,484
Finished goods	536,752		398,125
	\$ 576,607	\$	419,609

There was no allowance for slow-moving inventories as of March 31, 2021 and 2020.

NOTE 3 – PREPAID LAND LEASES

The Company has the rights to use certain parcels of land located in Shouguang, Shandong, PRC, through lease agreements signed with local townships or the government authority. The production facilities and warehouses of the Company are located on these parcels of land. The lease term ranges from ten to fifty years. Some of the lease contracts were paid in one lump sum upfront and some are paid annually at the beginning of each anniversary date. These leases have no purchase option at the end of the lease term and were classified as operating leases prior to and as of January 1, 2019 when the new lease standard was adopted. Prior to January 2019, the prepaid land lease was amortized on a straight line basis. As of January 1, 2019, all the leases in which term has commenced and were in use were classified as operating lease right-of-use assets ("ROU"). See Note 6.

In December 2017, the Company paid a one lump sum upfront amount of \$9,677,429 for a 50-year lease of a parcel of land at Bohai Marine Fine Chemical Industrial Park ("Bohai") for the new chemical factory under construction. There is no purchase option at the end of the lease term. This was classified as an operating lease prior to and as of January 1, 2019. The land use certificate was issued on October 25, 2019. The lease term expires on August 12, 2069. The amount paid was recorded as prepaid land leases, net of current portion in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31 2021 and December 31, 2020. As of March 31, 2021, the prepaid land lease increased to \$10,063,469 due to an additional amount paid for stamp duty and related land use rights fees. Amortization of this prepaid land lease will commence when the chemical factory is built and placed in service.

In June 2020, the construction of the new chemical factory commenced and is expected to complete around June 2021.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consist of the following:

	March 31, 2021	31, December 2020		
At cost:				
Mineral rights	\$ 2,934,951	\$	2,955,780	
Buildings	63,573,495		64,024,667	
Plant and machinery	256,579,799		258,400,710	
Motor vehicles	6,507		6,553	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	3,295,179		3,318,564	
Construction in process	18,127,541		12,095,565	
Total	344,517,472		340,801,839	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(176,040,608)		(173,212,554)	
Impairment	(18,510,233)		(18,641,596)	
Net book value	\$ 149,966,631	\$	148,947,689	

The Company has certain buildings and salt pans erected on parcels of land located in Shouguang, PRC, and such parcels of land are collectively owned by local townships or the government authority. The Company has not been able to obtain property ownership certificates over these buildings and salt pans. The aggregate carrying values of these properties situated on parcels of the land are \$18,720,653 and \$19,302,600 as at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$4,102, 929, of which \$1,816,782, \$163,233 and \$2,122,914 were recorded in direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown, administrative expenses and cost of net revenue, respectively.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$3,453,563, of which \$2,578,771, \$201,406 and \$673,386 were recorded in direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown, administrative expenses and cost of net revenue, respectively.

NOTE 5 – FINANCE LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Property, plant and equipment under finance lease, net consist of the following:

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020
At cost:			
Buildings	\$ 125,231	\$	126,120
Plant and machinery	2,290,926		2,307,184
Total	2,416,157		2,433,304
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,232,607)		(2,247,032)
Net book value	\$ 183,550	\$	186,272

The above buildings erected on parcels of land located in Shouguang, PRC, are collectively owned by local townships. The Company has not been able to obtain property ownership certificates over these buildings as the Company could not obtain land use rights certificates on the underlying parcels of land.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$1,428, which was recorded in direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$1,327, which was recorded in direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF USE ASSETS

As of March 31, 2021, the total operating lease ROU assets was \$8,662,972.

The total operating lease cost for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$240,150 and \$219,687, respectively.

The Company has the rights to use certain parcels of land located in Shouguang, the PRC, through lease agreements signed with local townships or the government authority. For parcels of land that are collectively owned by local townships, the Company cannot obtain land use rights certificates. The parcels of land of which the Company cannot obtain land use rights certificates covers a total of approximately 38.6 square kilometers of aggregate carrying value of \$8,155,820 as at March 31, 2021.

NOTE 7 – ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts and other payable and accrued expenses consist of the following:

	March 31, 2021]	December 31, 2020
Accounts payable	\$ 1,040,950	\$	479,958
Salary payable	318,291		320,549
Social security insurance contribution payable	101,446		49,167
Other payable-related party (see Note 8)	23,738		95,616
Deposit on subscription of a subsidiary's share	152,180		153,260
Accrued expense-construction	6,296,071		3,537,644
Accrued expense-others	617,213		445,507
Total	\$ 8,549,889	\$	5,081,701

The deposit on subscription of a subsidiary's share of \$152,180 as of March 31, 2021 relates to sale of non-controlling interests in DCHC.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On September 25, 2012, the Company purchased five floors of a commercial building in the PRC, through SYCI, from Shandong Shouguang Vegetable Seed Industry Group Co., Ltd. (the "Seller") at a cost of approximately \$5.7 million in cash, of which Mr. Ming Yang, the Chairman of the Company, had a 99% equity interest in the Seller. During the first quarter of 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with the Seller, a related party, to provide property management services for an annual amount of approximately \$94,940 for five years from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2022. The expense associated with this agreement for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was approximately \$23,735 and \$22,013. The amounting owing for the property management services as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was \$23,738 and \$95,616 (Note 7). The amount owed as of March 31, 2021 is interest-free, unsecured and payable in January 2022.

NOTE 9 – TAXES PAYABLE

	March 31, 2021]	December 31, 2020
Land use tax payable	827,702		833,576
Value added tax and other taxes payable	578,070		492,603
Land use tax payable	\$ 1,405,772	\$	1,326,179

NOTE 10 -LEASE LIABILITIES-FINANCE AND OPERATING LEASE

The components of finance lease liabilities were as follows:

	Imputed Interest rate	March 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2020
Total finance lease liability	6.7%	\$ 2,126,183	\$	2,105,973
Less: Current portion		 (250,591)		(217,070)
Finance lease liability, net of current portion		\$ 1,875,592	\$	1,888,903

Interest expenses from a finance lease liability amounted to \$35,538 and \$35,262 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, were charged to the condensed consolidated statement of loss. The remaining finance lease term at March 31, 2020 was 10 years.

The components of operating lease liabilities as follows:

	Imputed		March 31,		March 31,		March 31,		March 31,		ecember 31,
	Interest rate		2021		2020						
Total Operating lease liabilities	4.89%	\$	8,174,965	\$	8,499,692						
Less: Current portion			(317,544)		(477,350)						
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		\$	7,857,421	\$	8,022,342						

The weighted average remaining operating lease term at March 31, 2021 was 21 years and the weighted average discounts rate was 4.89%. This discount rates used are based on the base rate quoted by the People's Bank of China and vary with the remaining term of the lease. Lease payment in the three-months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$204,951 and \$181,665.

Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Fi	Financial lease		Financial lease		Operating Lease
Payable within:						
the next 12 months	\$	285,642	\$	672,669		
the next 13 to 24 months		285,642		678,258		
the next 25 to 36 months		285,642		677,300		
the next 37 to 48 months		285,642		683,280		
the next 49 to 60 months		285,642		689,295		
thereafter		1,428,210		11,421,886		
Total		2,856,420		14,822,688		
Less: Amount representing interest		(730,237)		(6,647,723)		
Present value of net minimum lease payments		2,126,183	\$	8,174,965		

NOTE 11 –EQUITY

Restricted Shares

A restricted stock award ("RSA") is an award of common shares that is subject to certain restrictions during a specified period. Restricted stock awards are independent of option grants and are generally subject to forfeiture if employment terminates prior to the release of the restrictions. The grantee cannot transfer the shares before the restricted shares vest. Shares of nonvested restricted stock have the same voting rights as common stock, are entitled to receive dividends and other distributions thereon and are considered to be currently issued and outstanding. The Company expenses the cost of the restricted stock awards, which is determined to be the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant, straight-line over the period during which the restrictions lapse. For these purposes, the fair market value of the restricted stock is determined based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date.

Retained Earnings - Appropriated

In accordance with the relevant PRC regulations and the PRC subsidiaries' Articles of Association, the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to allocate its profit after tax to the following reserve:

Statutory Common Reserve Funds

SCHC, SYCI and DCHC are required each year to transfer at least 10% of the profit after tax as reported under the PRC statutory financial statements to the Statutory Common Reserve Funds until the balance reaches 50% of the registered share capital. This reserve can be used to make up any loss incurred or to increase share capital. Except for the reduction of losses incurred, any other application should not result in this reserve balance falling below 25% of the registered capital. The Statutory Common Reserve Fund as of March 31, 2021 for SCHC, SYCI and DCHC is 16%, 14% and 0% of its registered capital respectively.

Weighted

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 12 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Pursuant to the Company's 2019 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan adopted and approved in 2019 ("2019 Plan"), awards under the 2019 Plan is limited in the aggregate to 2,068,398 shares of our common stock, inclusive of the awards that were previously issued and outstanding under the Company's 2007 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2007 Plan"). Upon adoption and approval of the 2019 Plan, the 2007 Plan was frozen, no new awards will be granted under the 2007 Plan, and outstanding awards under the 2007 Plan will continue to be governed by the terms and condition of the 2007 Plan and applicable award agreement. As of March 31, 2021, the number of shares of the Company's common stock available for grant of stock options and issuance under the 2019 Plan is 515,648 shares.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The risk free rate is based on the yield-to-maturity in continuous compounding of the US Government Bonds with the time-to-maturity similar to the expected tenor of the option granted, volatility is based on the annualized historical stock price volatility of the Company, and the expected life is based on the historical option exercise pattern.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, total compensation costs for options issued recorded in the consolidated statement of loss were \$0.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, there were no options issued to employees or non-employees.

The following table summarizes all Company stock option transactions between January 1, 2021 and March 31, 2021.

	Number of Option	Weight	ed- Average										
	and Warrants	Exercise price of		Exercise price of		Ran	ge of						
	Outstanding and	Option		Option		Option		Option		Option		Exercise	Price per
	exercisable	and Warrants		Commo	on Share								
Balance, January 1, 2021	121,600	\$	7.09	\$3.5	7 - \$7.27								
Granted during the period					_								
Exercised during the period	_		_		_								
Expired during the period	_	\$		\$	_								
Balance, March 31, 2021	121,600	\$	7.09	\$3.5	7 - \$7.27								

Stock Options and Warrants Outstanding and Exercisal	ol	le
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			Average
			Remaining
	Outstanding at	Range of	Contractual Life
	March 31, 2021	Exercise Prices	(Years)
Outstanding and exercisable	121,600	\$3.57 - \$7.27	0.41

The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2021 was \$4,710.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no options exercised.

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 13 – INCOME TAXES

The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740-10. If it is more likely than not that some portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized.

(a) United States ("US")

Gulf Resources, Inc. may be subject to the United States of America Tax laws at a tax rate of 21%. No provision for the US federal income taxes has been made as the Company had no US taxable income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, and management believes that its earnings are permanently invested in the PRC.

(b) British Virgin Islands ("BVI")

Upper Class Group Limited, a subsidiary of Gulf Resources, Inc., was incorporated in the BVI and, under the current laws of the BVI, it is not subject to tax on income or capital gain in the BVI. Upper Class Group Limited did not generate assessable profit for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

(c) Hong Kong

HKJI, a subsidiary of Upper Class Group Limited, was incorporated in Hong Kong and is subject to Hong Kong taxation on its activities conducted in Hong Kong and income arising in or derived from Hong Kong. No provision for income tax has been made as it has no taxable income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. The applicable statutory tax rates for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 are 16.5%. There is no dividend withholding tax in Hong Kong.

(d) PRC

Enterprise income tax ("EIT") for SCHC, SYCI and DCHC in the PRC is charged at 25% of the assessable profits.

The operating subsidiaries SCHC, SYCI and DCHC are wholly foreign-owned enterprises ("FIE") incorporated in the PRC and are subject to PRC Local Income Tax Law. The PRC tax losses may be carried forward to be utilized against future taxable profit for ten years for High-tech enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises of science and technology and for five years for other companies. Tax losses of the operating subsidiaries of the Company may be carried forward for five years.

On February 22, 2008, the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") and the State Administration of Taxation ("SAT") jointly issued Cai Shui [2008] Circular 1 ("Circular 1"). According to Article 4 of Circular 1, distributions of accumulated profits earned by a FIE prior to January 1, 2008 to foreign investor(s) in 2008 will be exempted from withholding tax ("WHT") while distribution of the profit earned by an FIE after January 1, 2008 to its foreign investor(s) shall be subject to WHT at 5% effective tax rate.

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the accumulated distributable earnings under the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP") of PRC that are subject to WHT are \$122,460,382 and \$126,643,733, respectively. Since the Company intends to reinvest its earnings to further expand its businesses in mainland China, its foreign invested enterprises do not intend to declare dividends to their immediate foreign holding companies in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company has not recorded any WHT on the cumulative amount of distributable retained earnings of its foreign invested enterprises that are subject

GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

to WHT in China. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the unrecognized WHT are \$5,086,534 and \$5,288,346, respectively.

The Company's income tax returns are subject to the various tax authorities' examination. The federal, state and local authorities of the United States may examine the Company's income tax returns filed in the United States for three years from the date of filing. The Company's US income tax returns since 2017 are currently subject to examination.

Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong ("IRD") may examine the Company's income tax returns filed in Hong Kong for seven years from date of filing. For the years 2012 through 2019, HKJI did not report any taxable income. It did not file any income tax returns during these years except for 2014 and 2018. For companies which do not have taxable income, IRD typically issues notification to companies requiring them to file income tax returns once in every four years. The tax returns for 2014 and 2018 are currently subject to examination.

The components of the provision for income tax benefit (expense) from continuing operations are:

	T	Three-Month Period Ended March 31,			
		2021		2020	
Current taxes – PRC	\$	_	\$	_	
Deferred tax – PRC entities		743,709		1,256,443	
Deferred taxes –US entity		15,957		24,053	
Change in valuation allowance		(15,957)		(24,053)	
	\$	743,709	\$	1,256,443	

The effective income tax benefit differ from the PRC statutory income tax rate of 25% from continuing operations in the PRC as follows:

	Three-Month Period	Three-Month Period Ended March 31,				
Reconciliations	2021	2020				
Statutory income tax rate	25%	25%				
Non-taxable & Non-deductible items	(1%)	2%				
Change in valuation allowance	(1%)	(1%)				
Effective income tax benefit (expense) rate	23%	26%				

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Deferred tax liabilities	\$ _	\$ _		
Deferred tax assets:				
Impairment on property, plant and equipment	\$ 2,712,092	\$ 2,907,548		
Impairment on prepaid land lease	877,656	883,884		
Exploration costs	1,894,641	1,908,087		
Compensation costs of unexercised stock options	72,699	74,883		
PRC tax losses	22,296,935	21,643,028		
US federal net operating loss	1,063,644	1,045,503		
Total deferred tax assets	 28,917,667	28,462,933		
Valuation allowance	(9,785,742)	(9,872,706)		
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 19,131,925	\$ 18,590,227		

The decrease in valuation allowance for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 is \$86,964.

The increase in valuation allowance for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 is \$128,868.

There were no unrecognized tax benefits and accrual for uncertain tax positions as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and no amounts accrued for penalties and interest for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

NOTE 14 – BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company has four reportable segments: bromine, crude salt, chemical products and natural gas. The reportable segments are consistent with how management views the markets served by the Company and the financial information that is reviewed by its chief operating decision maker.

GULF RESOURCES, INC.

AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2021

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 14 - BUSINESS SEGMENTS - Continued

An operating segment's performance is primarily evaluated based on segment operating income, which excludes share-based compensation expense, certain corporate costs and other income not associated with the operations of the segment. These corporate costs (income) are separately stated below and also include costs that are related to functional areas such as accounting, treasury, information technology, legal, human resources, and internal audit. The Company believes that segment operating income, as defined above, is an appropriate measure for evaluating the operating performance of its segments. All the customers are located in PRC.

Three-Month Period Ended		Crude	Chemical		Segment		
March 31, 2021	Bromine *	Salt *	Products	Natural Gas	Total	Corporate	Total
Net revenue				•			
(external customers)	\$ 4,810,990	\$ 448,253	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,259,243	\$ —	\$ 5,259,243
Net revenue							
(intersegment)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loss from operations before	(1.050.565)	(1.000.505)	(5.46.460)	(5.4.505)	(2 000 400)	(101.010)	(2.201.424)
income benefit	(1,279,565)	(1,009,585)	(746,469)	(54,787)	(3,090,406)	(191,018)	(3,281,424)
Income tax benefit	318,868	252,396	172,445		743,709		743,709
Loss from operations after	(0.60, 607)	(757.100)	(554.004)	(5.4.505)	(2.246.607)	(101.010)	(0.505.515)
income taxes(benefit)	(960,697)	(757,189)	(574,024)	(54,787)	(2,346,697)	(191,018)	(2,537,715)
Total assets	144,744,423	24,170,863	121,760,637	1,875,459	292,551,382	42,886	292,594,268
Depreciation and	2.020.600	1.077.460	60.607	27.601	4 104 257		4 104 257
amortization	2,920,689	1,077,460	68,607	37,601	4,104,357	_	4,104,357
Capital expenditures	_		_	_			_
Three-Month Period Ended		Crude	Chemical		Segment		
THIEE-MOHILI FEHOLI MIGEL		Crude	Chemicai		Sevilleni		
	Duamina *			Notural Cas	_	Componeto	Total
March 31, 2020	Bromine *	Salt *	Products	Natural Gas	Total	Corporate	Total
March 31, 2020 Net revenue		Salt *	Products		Total		
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers)	Bromine * \$ 462,846			Natural Gas \$ —	_	Corporate \$ —	Total \$ 557,670
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue		Salt *	Products		Total		
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment)		Salt *	Products		Total		
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from		Salt *	Products		Total		
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income	\$ 462,846	Salt * \$ 94,824	\$ —	\$	* 557,670 —	\$ — —	\$ 557,670
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit)	\$ 462,846 — (2,866,438)	Salt * \$ 94,824 — (1,513,582)	Products \$ (710,909)		Total \$ 557,670 (5,139,775)		\$ 557,670 — (4,835,429)
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit	\$ 462,846	Salt * \$ 94,824	\$ —	\$	* 557,670 —	\$ — —	\$ 557,670
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit Income (loss) from	\$ 462,846 — (2,866,438)	Salt * \$ 94,824 — (1,513,582)	Products \$ (710,909)	\$	Total \$ 557,670 (5,139,775)	\$ — —	\$ 557,670 — (4,835,429)
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit Income (loss) from operations after income	\$ 462,846 ————————————————————————————————————	Salt * 94,824 — (1,513,582) 378,396	Products \$ (710,909) 160,609	\$ — — (48,846) —	Total \$ 557,670	\$ — 304,346	\$ 557,670 ————————————————————————————————————
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit Income (loss) from	\$ 462,846 — (2,866,438) 717,438 (2,149,000)	Salt * 94,824 — (1,513,582) 378,396 (1,135,186)	Products \$ (710,909) 160,609 (550,300)	\$ — (48,846) — (48,846)	Total \$ 557,670 (5,139,775) 1,256,443 (3,883,332)	\$ — 304,346 — 304,346	\$ 557,670 — (4,835,429) 1,256,443 (3,578,986)
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit Income (loss) from operations after income taxes(benefit) Total assets	\$ 462,846 ————————————————————————————————————	Salt * 94,824 — (1,513,582) 378,396	Products \$ (710,909) 160,609	\$ — — (48,846) —	Total \$ 557,670	\$ — 304,346	\$ 557,670 ————————————————————————————————————
March 31, 2020 Net revenue (external customers) Net revenue (intersegment) Income (loss) from operations before income taxes(benefit) Income tax benefit Income (loss) from operations after income taxes(benefit)	\$ 462,846 — (2,866,438) 717,438 (2,149,000)	Salt * 94,824 — (1,513,582) 378,396 (1,135,186)	Products \$ (710,909) 160,609 (550,300)	\$ — (48,846) — (48,846)	Total \$ 557,670 (5,139,775) 1,256,443 (3,883,332)	\$ — 304,346 — 304,346	\$ 557,670 — (4,835,429) 1,256,443 (3,578,986)

^{*} Certain common production overheads, operating and administrative expenses and asset items (mainly cash and certain office equipment) of bromine and crude salt segments in SCHC were split by reference to the average selling price and production volume of respective segment.

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GULF RESOURCES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2021 (Expressed in U.S. dollars) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 14 - BUSINESS SEGMENTS - Continued

	Three-Month Period Ended March 31,						
Reconciliations	2021			2020			
Total segment operating loss	\$	(3,090,406)	\$	(5,139,775)			
Corporate costs		(86,206)		(96,103)			
Unrealized gain (loss) on translation of intercompany balance		(104,812)		400,449			
Loss from operations		(3,281,424)		(4,835,429)			
Other income		35,591		39,228			
Loss before income taxes	\$	(3,245,833)	\$	(4,796,201)			

The following table shows the major customers (10% or more) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021.

Number	Customer	 omine 000's)	 ude Salt 000's)	Pı	nemical oducts 000's)	 Total devenue (000's)	Percentage of Total Revenue (%)
1	Shandong Morui Chemical Company						
	Limited	\$ 896	\$ 169	\$	_	\$ 1,065	20.2%
2	Shouguang Weidong Chemical Company						
	Limited	\$ 703	\$ 108	\$	_	\$ 811	15.4%
3	Shandong Brother Technology Limited	\$ 634	\$ 172	\$	_	\$ 806	15.3%
4	Shandong Shouguang Shenrunfa Ocean						
	Chemical Company Limited	\$ 672	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 672	12.8%
5	Dongying Bomeite Chemical Company						
	Limited	\$ 565	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 565	10.7%

The following table shows the major customers (10% or more) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020.

NT 1			omine	_	ude Salt	P	hemical roducts	R	Total evenue	Percentage of Total
Number	Customer	(0	00's)	(000's)		(000's)	(000's)		Revenue (%)
1	Shandong Morui Chemical Company									
	Limited	\$	70	\$	41	\$	_	\$	111	20%
2	Shandong Brother Technology Limited	\$	60	\$	36	\$	_	\$	96	17.1%
3	Shouguang Weidong Chemical Company									
	Limited	\$	65	\$	18	\$	_	\$	83	14.9%
4	Dongying Bomeite Chemical Company									
	Limited	\$	70	\$	_	\$	_	\$	70	12.5%
5	Shandong Shouguang Shenrunfa Ocean									
	Chemical Company Limited	\$	57	\$	_	\$	_	\$	57	10.2%
6	Shouguang JinWang Chemical Company									
	Limited	\$	56	\$	_	\$	_	\$	56	10%

NOTE 15-CUSTOMER CONCENTRATION

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, the Company sold 74.5% of its products to its top five customers. As of March 31, 2021, amounts due from these customers were \$3,571,150.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, the Company sold 84.8% of its products to its top six customers. As of March 31, 2020, amounts due from these customers were \$526,288.

NOTE 16 – MAJOR SUPPLIERS

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, the Company purchased 100% of its raw materials from its top five suppliers. As of March 31, 2021, amounts due to those suppliers were \$1,040,950.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, the Company purchased 100% of its raw materials from its top five suppliers. As of March 31, 2020, amounts due to those suppliers were \$53,707.

NOTE 17 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of financial instruments, which consist of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and other payables, approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. There were no material unrecognized financial assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

NOTE 18 - CAPITAL COMMITMENT AND OTHER SERVICE CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company has no purchase commitments as of March 31, 2021.

The following table sets forth the Company's contractual obligations as of March 31, 2021:

	Prope Fees	erty Management	
Payable within:			
the next 12 months	\$	94,940	\$ 12,391,563
the next 13 to 24 months		94,940	748,433
the next 25 to 36 months		_	_
Total	\$	189,880	\$ 13,139,996

NOTE 19 –LOSS CONTINGENCIES

On or about August 3, 2018, written decisions of administration penalty captioned Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 291, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 292, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 293, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 294, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 295 and Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 296 (together, the "Written Decisions") were served on Shouguang City Haoyuan Chemical Company Limited ("SCHC") by Shouguang City Natural Resources and Planning Bureau (the "Bureau"), naming SCHC as respondent respectively thereof. The Decisions challenged the land use of Factory nos. 2, 9, 7, 4, 8 and 10, respectively, and alleged, among other things, that SCHC had illegally occupied and used the land in the total area of approximately 52,674 square meter, on which Factory nos. 2, 9, 7, 4, 8 and 10 were built, respectively. The Written Decisions ordered SCHC, among other things, to return the land subject to the Written Decisions to its respective legal owner, restore the land to its original state, and demolish or confiscate all the buildings and facilities thereon and pay monetary penalty of approximately RMB 1.3 million (\$184,000) in the aggregate. Each of the Written Decisions shall be executed within 15 days upon serving on SCHC. Additional interest penalty shall be imposed at a daily rate of 3% in the event that SCHC does not make the monetary penalty payment in a timely manner. Subsequently, the Bureau filed enforcement actions to the People's Court of Shouguang City, Shandong Province (the "Court"), naming SCHC as enforcement respondent and alleged, among other things, that SCHC failed to perform its obligations under each of the Written Decisions within the specified timeframe. The enforcement proceedings sought court orders to enforce the Written Decisions. On May 5, 2019, written decisions of administrative ruling captioned (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 384, (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 385, (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 389, (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 390, (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 393, and (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 394, respectively (together, the "Court Rulings") were made by the Court in favor of the Bureau. The Court orders, among other relief, to enforce each of the Written Decisions, to return each subject land to its legal owners and demolish or confiscate the buildings and facilities thereon and restore the land to its original state within 10 days from the service of the Court Rulings on SCHC. The Court Rulings became enforceable immediately upon service on SCHC on May 5, 2019.

In the last twenty years, to the Company's knowledge, there were no government regulations requiring bromine manufacturers to obtain land use and planning approval document. As such, the Company believes most of the bromine manufacturers in Shouguang City do not have land use and planning approval documents and lease their land parcels from the village associations. They are facing the same issues in connection with land use and planning as the Company. To the Company's knowledge, the local government has submitted its plan to solve the issues to higher authority and are waiting for approval from the higher authority.

The Company is in the process of resolving the issues in connection with SCHC's land use and planning diligently. The Company has been in discussions closely with the local government authorities with the help from Shouguang City Bromine Association to seek reliefs and, based on verbal confirmation by local government authorities, believes the administrative penalties imposed by the Bureau according to the Written Decisions are being re-assessed by local government authorities and may be revoked. Pursuant to a Written Application dated October 28, 2019 addressed to the Court by the Bureau, the Bureau withdrew its application for the enforcement proceedings regarding the administrative penalty imposed on Factory No. 7, Factory No. 8 and Factory No.10. Pursuant to a written decisions of administrative ruling captioned (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 389 Zhi Yi, dated November 25, 2020, the Court orders to terminate the enforcement of the case captioned (2019) Lu 0783 Xing Shen No. 389. Production of Factory No. 7 was allowed to resume in April 2019. The Company received a notification from the Shouguang City Government in February 2019 informing the Company that Factory No. 1, No.4, No. 7 and No. 9 have passed inspection and were approved to resume operation.

In addition, on August 28, 2019, the People's Government of Shandong Province, issued a regulation titled "Investment Project Management Requirements of Chemical Companies in Shandong Province" permitting the construction of facilities on existing sites or infrastructure of bromine manufacturing and other chemical industry-related types of projects (clause 11 of section 3). The Company believes that the goal of the government is to standardize and regulate the industry and not to demolish the facilities or penalize the manufacturers. As of the date of this report, the Company has not been notified by the local government that it will take any measure to enforce the administrative penalties. Based on information known to date, the Company believes that it is remote that the Written Decisions or Court Rulings will be enforced within the expected timeframe and a material penalty or costs and expenses against the Company will result. However, there can be no assurance that there will not be any further enforcement action, the occurrence of which may result in further liabilities, penalties and operational disruption.

In view of the above facts and circumstances, the Company believes that it is not necessary to accrue for any estimated losses or impairment as of March 31, 2021.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 26, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with its officers and employees, pursuant to which the options to purchase 115,600 shares of our common stock granted on August 23, 2017 were cancelled.

On May 10, 2021, the Company entered into restricted stock agreements with its consultant, officers, directors and employees, pursuant to which the Company issued a total of 472,000 restricted shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.0005 per share under the Company's 2019 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The discussion below contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. We have used words such as "believes," "intends," "anticipates," "expects" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on information currently available to us and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, performance, business prospects and opportunities and the timing of certain events to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements. Except as expressly required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to update such factors or to publicly announce the results of any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events, developments, or changed circumstances, or for any other reason.

Overview

We are a holding company which conducts operations through our wholly-owned China-based subsidiaries. Our business is conducted and reported in four segments, namely, bromine, crude salt, chemical products and natural gas.

Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, SCHC, we produce and trade bromine and crude salt. We are one of the largest producers of bromine in China, as measured by production output. Elemental bromine is used to manufacture a wide variety of bromine compounds used in industry and agriculture. Bromine also is used to form intermediary chemical compounds such as Tetramethylbenzidine. Bromine is commonly used in brominated flame retardants, fumigants, water purification compounds, dyes, medicines and disinfectants. Crude salt is the principal material in alkali production as well as chlorine alkali production and is widely used in the chemical, food and beverage, and other industries.

Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, SYCI, we manufacture and sell chemical products used in oil and gas field exploration, oil and gas distribution, oil field drilling, papermaking chemical agents, inorganic chemicals and manufacture and sell materials that are used for human and animal antibiotics.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, DCHC, was established to explore and develop natural gas and brine resources (including bromine and crude salt) in Sichuan Province, China.

As disclosed in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 8, 2017, the Company received, on September 1, 2017, letters from the Yangkou County, Shouguang City government addressed to each of its subsidiaries, SCHC and SYCI, which stated that in an effort to improve the safety and environmental protection management level of chemical enterprises, the plants are requested to immediately stop production and perform rectification and improvements in accordance with the country's new safety and environmental protection requirements. In the Company's press release of August 11, 2017 and on its conference call of August 14, 2017, the Company addressed concerns that increased government enforcement of stringent environmental rules that were adopted in early 2017 to insure corporations bring their facilities up to necessary standards so that pollution and other negative environmental issues are limited and remediated, could have an impact on our business in both the short and long-term. The Company also expressed that although it believed its facilities were fully compliant at the time, the Company did not know how its facilities would fare under the new rules and that the Company expected to have a full understanding of the implications within the next two months. Teams of inspectors from the government were sent to many provinces to inspect all mining and manufacturing facilities. The local government requested that facilities be closed, so that the facilities can undergo the inspection and analysis in the most efficient manner by inspectors' team. As a result, our facilities were closed on September 1, 2017.

The Company believes that this is another step by the government to improve the environment. It further believes the goal of the government is not to close all plants, but rather to codify the regulations related to project approval, land use, planning approval and environmental protection assessment approval so that illegal plants are not able to open in the future and so that plants close to population centers do not cause serious environmental damage. In addition, the Company believes that the Shandong provincial government wants to assure that each of its regional and county governments has applied the Notice in a consistent manner.

The Shouguang City Bromine Association, on behalf of all the bromine plants in Shouguang, has started discussions with the local government agencies. The local governmental agencies confirmed the facts that their initial requirements for the bromine industry did not include the project approval, the planning approval and the land use rights approval and that those three additional approvals were new requirements of the provincial government. The Company understood from the local government that it has been coordinating with several government agencies to solve these three outstanding approval issues in a timely manner and that all the affected bromine plants are not allowed to commence production prior to obtaining those approvals.

In February 2019, the Company received a notification from the local government of Yangkou County that its Factory No. 1, No.4, No. 7 and No. 9 have passed inspection and can resume operations. In April 2019, Factory No. 1 and No. 7 resumed operations.

On February 28, 2020, the Company announced that it received an approval from the government to resume bromine production after winter temporary closure. Subsequently, it received another approval from the Shouguang Yangkou People's Government dated on March 5, 2020 to resume production at its bromine factories No.1, No. 4, No.7 and No. 9 in order to meet the needs of bromide products for epidemic prevention and control. With these two approvals, the Company was allowed to take the steps to resume production at all four bromine factories.

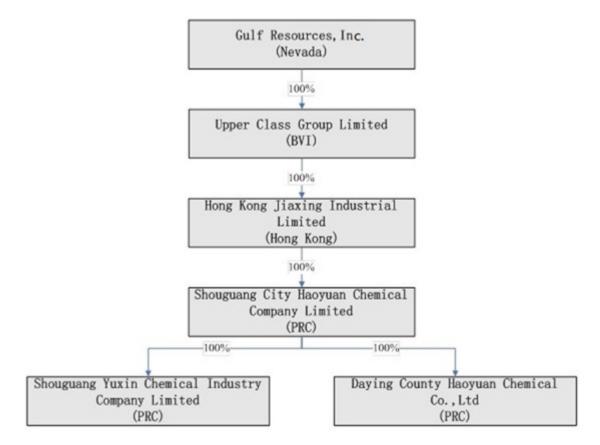
The Company is still waiting for governmental approval for factories No.2, No.8, and No.10. To its knowledge, the government is currently completing its planning process for all mining areas including that for prevention of flood. As a result, the Company may be required to make some modifications to our current wells and aqueducts prior to commencement of operations of these factories to satisfy the local government's requirements. The Company expects to receive approvals for these factories by the second half of 2021 due to the COVID-19 impact.

On November 24, 2017, the Company received a letter from the People's Government of Yangkou County, Shouguang City notifying the Company that due to the new standards and regulations relating to safety production and environmental pollution, from certain local governmental departments, such as the municipal environmental protection department, the security supervision department and the fire department, its chemical plants would have to be relocated to a new industrial park called Bohai Marine Fine Chemical Industry Park. Chemical companies that were not being asked to move into the park will be permanently closed. Although our chemical plants were in compliance with regulations, they were also close to a residential area. As a result, the government determined we should relocate to the Bohai park. Since our chemical factories closed, the Company has secured from the government the land use rights for its chemical plants located at the Bohai Park and presented a completed construction design draft and other related documents to the local authorities for approval. On January 6, 2020, the Company received the environmental protection approval by the government of Shouguang City, Shandong Province for the proposed Yuxin Chemical factory. The Company began the construction on its new chemical facilities located at Bohai Marine Fine Chemical Industrial Park in June 2020. The construction is expected to take approximately one year, and an additional six months to complete the equipment installation and testing. The Company expects to begin trial production at the beginning of 2022.

In January 2017, the Company completed the first brine water and natural gas well field construction in Sichuan Province and announced the commencement of trial production. The Company has been working with Xinan Shiyou Daxue (Southwest Petroleum University) and developed a solution to DHCH's technical drilling problem. In resolving the problem, the Company purchased customized equipment for its natural gas project. The installation of such equipment, including providing piping and electricity, was completed in July 2018. The Company has completed the test production at its first natural gas well in Sichuan Province and has commenced trial production in January 2019. Later On May 29, 2019, the Company received a verbal notice from the government of Tianbao Town, Daying County, Sichuan Province, whereby the Company is required to obtain project approval for its well located in Daying, including the whole natural gas and brine water project, and approvals for safety production inspection, environmental protection assessment, and to solve the related land issue. Until these approvals have been received, the Company has to temporarily halt trial production at its natural gas well in Daying.

As a result of our acquisitions of SCHC and SYCI, our historical consolidated financial statements and the information presented below reflects the accounts of SCHC, SYCI and DCHC, the condensed consolidated financial statements and the information presented below as of and for the quarter ended March 31, 2021. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

Our current corporate structure chart is set forth in the following diagram:



As a result of our acquisitions of SCHC and SYCI, our historical financial statements and the information presented below reflects the accounts of SCHC, SYCI and DCHC. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents certain information derived from the condensed consolidated statements of income, cash flows and stockholders' equity for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Comparison of the Three-Month Periods Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

	T	hree-Month	Τ	hree-Month	
		Period		Period	Percent Change
	End	ded March 31,	Enc	ded March 31,	Increase/
		2021		2020	(Decrease)
Net revenue	\$	5,259,243	\$	557,670	843%
Cost of net revenue	\$	(4,181,389)	\$	(921,320)	353%
Gross profit (loss)	\$	1,077,854	\$	(363,650)	396%
Sales, marketing and other operating expenses	\$	(9,545)	\$	(2,243)	325%
Direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown	\$	(2,613,483)		(3,610,423)	(27%)
Other operating expense	\$	_		(15,776)	_
General and administrative expenses	\$	(1,736,250)	\$	(843,337)	106%
Loss from operations	\$	(3,281,424)	\$	(4,835,429)	(32%)
Other income, net	\$	35,591	\$	39,228	(9%)
Loss before taxes	\$	(3,245,833)	\$	(4,796,201)	(32%)
Income tax benefit	\$	743,709	\$	1,256,443	(41%)
Net loss	\$	(2,502,124)	\$	(3,539,758)	(29%)
			_		

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Percentage Change

Decrease

Net revenue The table below shows the changes in net revenue in the respective segment of the Company for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 compared to the same period in 2020:

			Net Revenue				
	Three-Month Period Ended				Three-Month	Period Ended	Percent Change
		March 3	31, 2021		March 3	1, 2020	Increase
Segment			% of total			% of total	
Bromine	\$	4,810,990	92%	\$	462,846	83%	939%
Crude Salt	\$	448,253	8%	\$	94,824	17%	373%
Chemical Products	\$	_	_	\$	_	_	_
Natural Gas	\$	_	_	\$		_	_
Total sales	\$	5,259,243	100%	\$	557,670	100%	843%
		_		· <u> </u>	<u> </u>		
					Three-Month	Period Ended	Percentage Change
Bromine and crude salt segments product sold in tonnes					rch 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	Increase
Bromine (excluded volume sold	to SYCI)				955	122	683%
Crude Salt					20,436	5,341	283%

Three-Month Period Ended

March 31, 2020

March 31, 2021

Bromine segment

Natural Gas

Natural gas segments product sold in cubic metre

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the net revenue for the bromine segment was \$4,810,990 and \$462,846, respectively, due to the fact that four plants resumed production and sales in the first quarter of 2021, while only two plants were in operation in the first quarter of 2020.

Crude salt segment

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the net revenue for the crude salt was \$448,253 and \$94,824 due to the fact that production and sales resumed at three plants in the first quarter of 2021, while only two plants resumed production in the first quarter of 2020.

Chemical products segment

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the net revenue for the chemical products segment was \$0 due to the closure of our chemical factories since September 1, 2017. As a result there were no chemical products for sale for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021. Our new chemical factory is under construction in Bohai Park.

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Natural gas segment

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the net revenue for the natural gas was \$0.

Cost of Net Revenue

			Percent Change			
	Three-Month Period Ended			Three-Month	Period Ended	of Cost of
	March 31, 2021			March 3	Net Revenue	
Segment		% of total			% of total	
Bromine	\$ 3,514,046	84%	\$	609,820	66%	476%
Crude Salt	\$ 667,343	16%	\$	311,500	34%	114%
Chemical Products	\$ _	_	\$	_	_	_
Natural Gas	\$ 	_	\$	_	_	_
Total	\$ 4,181,389	100%	\$	921,320	100%	353%

Cost of net revenue reflects mainly the raw materials consumed and the direct salaries and benefits of staff engaged in the production process, electricity, depreciation and amortization of manufacturing plant and machinery and other manufacturing costs.

Bromine production capacity and utilization of our factories

The table below represents the annual capacity and utilization ratios for all of our bromine producing properties:

	Annual Production Cap	Utilization	
	tonnes)		Ratio (i)
Three-month period ended March 31, 2020	31,506		5%
Three-month period ended March 31, 2021	31,506		17%
Variance of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020	_		12%

(i) Utilization ratio is calculated based on the annualized actual production volume in tonnes for the periods divided by the annual production capacity in tonnes.

Our utilization ratio was 17% for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, an increase of 12% compared to that for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 because four plants resumed production in March 31, 2021 compared to two plants in operations in March 31, 2020.

Bromine segment

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 the cost of net revenue for the bromine segment was \$3,514,046. This \$2,904,226 increase was primarily attributable to the increase in factory overhead per unit produced, which was mainly caused by the increase in depreciation charges of plant and equipment for four factories that resumed operation in the three-month ended March 31, 2021.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 the cost of net revenue for the bromine segment was \$609,820.

Crude salt segment

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 the cost of net revenue for the crude salt segment was \$667,343. This \$355,843 increase was primarily attributable to the increase in factory overhead per unit produced, which was mainly caused by the increase in depreciation charges of plant and equipment for three factories that resumed operation in the three-month ended March 31, 2021.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 the cost of net revenue for the crude salt segment was \$311,500.

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Chemical products segment

Cost of net revenue for our chemical products segment for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$0.

Natural gas segment

Cost of net revenue for our natural gas segment for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$0.

Gross Profit(Loss) Gross profit was \$1,077,854, or 21%, of net revenue for three-month period ended March 31, 2021, representing an increase of \$1,441,504 (or 86%), as compared to a gross loss of \$363,650, or 65%, of net revenue for the same period in 2020.

		% Point Change					
		Three-Month	Period Ended		Three-Month I	of Gross Profit (Loss)	
	March 31, 2021				March 31	Margin	
			Gross Profit			Gross Profit	_
Segment			Margin		_	Margin	
Bromine	\$	1,296,944	27%	\$	(146,974)	(32%)	59%
Crude Salt	\$	(219,090)	(49%)	\$	(216,676)	(229%)	180%
Chemical Products	\$	_	_	\$	_	_	_
Natural Gas	\$		_		_	_	_
Total Gross Profit (Loss)	\$	1,077,854	21%	\$	(363,650)	(65%)	86%

Bromine segment

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, the gross profit margin for our bromine segment was 27%. This 59% increase was due to the fact that production and sales resumed at four plants in the first quarter of 2021, while only two plants resumed production in the first quarter of 2020, which caused the production volume to increase and unit cost to fall.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, the gross loss margin for our bromine segment was 32%.

Crude salt segment

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, the gross loss margin for our crude salt segment was 49%. This 180% increase was due to the fact that production and sales resumed at three plants in the first quarter of 2021, while only two plants resumed production in the first quarter of 2020, which caused the production volume to increase and unit cost to fall.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, the gross loss margin for our crude salt segment was 229%.

Direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown On September 1, 2017, the Company received notification from the government of Yangkou County, Shouguang City of PRC that stated that production at all its bromine and crude salt and chemical factories should be halted with immediate effect in order for the Company to perform rectification and improvement in accordance with the county's new safety and environmental protection requirements. On November 24, 2017, the Company received a letter from the Government of Yangkou County, Shouguang City notifying the Company to relocate its two chemical production plants located in the second living area of the Qinghe Oil Extraction Plant to Bohai Park. As a result, direct labor and factory overhead costs (including depreciation of plant and machinery) in the amount of \$2,613,483 and \$3,610,423 incurred for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, of factories that have not resumed production were presented as part of the operating expense. The decrease in the direct labor and factory overheads incurred during plant shutdown in the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 compared to the same period in 2020 was due to five plants not in operation in 2020, but only three were not in operation in 2021.

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General and Administrative Expenses General and administrative expenses were \$1,736,250 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, an increase of \$892,913 (or 106%) as compared to \$843,337 for the same period in 2020. The increase was mainly due to the unrealized foreign currency transaction loss on intercompany balance recorded in three-month period ended March 31, 2021 compared to an unrealized foreign currency transaction gain on intercompany balance recorded in the same period in the previous year.

Loss from Operations Loss from operations was \$3,281,424 the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to loss from operation of \$4,835,429 in the same period in 2020.

	Loss from Operations by Segment						
	Three-Month Period Ended March 31, 2021				Three-Month Period Ended		
					March 31	, 2020	
Segment:			% of total			% of total	
Bromine	\$	(1,279,565)	41%	\$	(2,866,438)	56%	
Crude Salt		(1,009,585)	33%		(1,513,582)	29%	
Chemical Products		(746,469)	24%		(710,909)	14%	
Natural Gas		(54,787)	2%		(48,846)	1%	
Loss from operations before corporate costs		(3,090,406)	100%		(5,139,775)	100%	
Corporate cost		(86,206)			(96,103)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on translation of intercompany							
balance		(104,812)			400,449		
Loss from operations	\$	(3,281,424)		\$	(4,835,429)		

Bromine segment

Loss from operations from our bromine segment was \$1,279,565 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to loss from operations of \$2,866,438 in the same period in 2020.

Crude salt segment

Loss from operations from our crude salt segment was \$1,009,585 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to loss from operations of \$1,513,582 in the same period in 2020.

Chemical products segment

Loss from operations from our chemical products segment was \$746,469 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to loss from operations of \$710,909 in the same period in 2020.

Natural gas segment

Loss from operations from our natural gas segment was \$54,787 for the three -month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to a loss of \$48,846 in the same period in 2020.

Other Income Net Other income, net of \$35,591 represented bank interest income, net of finance lease interest expense for the three -month period ended March 31, 2021, a decrease of \$3,637 (or approximately 9%) as compared to the same period in 2020.

Net Loss Net loss was \$2,502,124 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, compared to a net loss of \$3,539,758 in the same period in 2020.

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Effective Tax Rate Our effective tax rate for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was 23% and 26% respectively. The effective tax rate for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 was 2% lower than the PRC statutory income tax rate of 25%, mainly due to a non-deductible item in connection with the unrealized exchange loss and an increase in valuation allowance recorded for deferred tax assets arising from net operating losses of the parent company.

The effective tax rate for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 was 1% higher than the PRC statutory income tax rate of 25%, mainly due to non-taxable items net of decrease in change in valuation allowance.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2021, cash and cash equivalents were \$96,699,324 as compared to \$94,222,538 as of December 31, 2020. The components of this increase of \$2,476,786 are reflected below.

Statement of Cash Flows

		Three-Month Period Ended March 31,				
	2021					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,341,395	\$	2,202,357		
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	_	\$	(7,416,211)		
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	\$	(864,609)	\$	(1,455,442)		
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,476,786	\$	(6,669,296)		

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, we met our working capital and capital investment requirements mainly by using cash on hand

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

During the three -month period ended March 31, 2021, cash flow provided by operating activities of approximately \$3.3 million was mainly due to a decrease in accounts receivable of \$1.6 million, and a non-cash adjustment related to depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment, reduced by a net loss of \$2.5 million and an adjustment for income tax benefit of \$0.7 million.

During the three -month period ended March 31, 2020, cash flow provided by operating activities of approximately \$2.2 million was mainly due to a decrease in accounts receivable of \$4.2 million, and a non-cash adjustment related to depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment, reduced by a net loss of \$3.5 million and an adjustment for income tax benefit of \$1.2 million.

Accounts receivable

Cash collections on our accounts receivable had a major impact on our overall liquidity. The following table presents the aging analysis of our accounts receivable as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

	March 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
		% of total			% of total	
Aged 1-30 days	\$ 4,350,483	90%	\$	3,801,417	58%	
Aged 31-60 days	509,222	10%		2,720,381	42%	
Aged 61-90 days	_	_		_	_	
Aged 91-120 days		_			_	
Aged 121-150 days	_	_		_	_	
Aged 151-180 days		_			_	
Aged 181-210 days	_	_		_	_	
Aged 211-240 days	_	_			_	
Total	\$ 4,859,705	100%	\$	6,521,798	100%	

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The overall accounts receivable balance as of March 31, 2021 decreased by \$1,662,093, as compared to those of December 31, 2020. We have policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. We perform ongoing credit evaluation on the financial condition of our customers. No allowance for doubtful accounts for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 is required.

Inventory

Our inventory consists of the following:

	March 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
			% of total			% of total
Raw materials	\$	39,855	7%	\$	21,484	5%
Finished goods		536,752	93%		398,125	95%
Total	\$	576,607	100%	\$	419,609	100%

The net inventory level as of March 31, 2021 increased by \$156,998 (or 37%), as compared to the net inventory level as of December 31, 2020.

Raw materials increased by \$18,371 as of March 31, 2021 as compared to December 31, 2020.

Our finished goods increased by \$138,627 as of March 31, 2021 as compared to December 31, 2020.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021, we have no investing activities.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, we used approximately \$7.4 million to acquire property, plant and equipment.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

We have no financing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

We believe that our available funds and cash flows generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our anticipated ongoing operating needs and our obligations as they full due in the next twelve (12) months.

We had available cash of approximately \$96.7 million at March 31, 2021, most of which is in highly liquid current deposits which earn no or little interest. We do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

We intend to continue to focus our efforts on the activities of SCHC, SYCI and DCHC as these segments continue to expand within the Chinese market.

We may not be able to identify, successfully integrate or profitably manage any businesses or business segment we may acquire, or any expansion of our business. An expansion may involve a number of risks, including possible adverse effects on our operating results, diversion of management's attention, inability to retain key personnel, risks associated with unanticipated events, risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and the financial statement effect of potential impairment of acquired intangible assets, any of which could have a materially adverse effect on our condition and results of operations. In addition, if competition for acquisition candidates or operations were to increase, the cost of acquiring businesses could increase materially. We may effect an acquisition with a target business which may be financially unstable, under-managed, or in its early stages of development or growth. Our inability to implement and manage our expansion strategy successfully may have a material adverse effect on our business and future prospects.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

We have no significant contractual obligations not fully recorded on our condensed consolidated balance sheets or fully disclosed in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. Additional information regarding our contractual obligations and commitments at March 31, 2021 is provided in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. See "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 18—Capital Commitment and Other Service Contractual Obligations".

Material Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements falling within the definition of Item 303(a) of Regulation S-K.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and this requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We base its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, actual results may differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We have identified the following critical accounting policies and estimates used by us in the preparation of our financial statements: accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories and allowance for obsolescence, assets retirement obligation, property, plant and equipment, recoverability of long lived assets, mineral rights, leases, revenue recognition, income taxes, and loss contingencies. These policies and estimates are described in the Company's Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Pursuant to Item 305(e) of Regulation S-K (§ 229.305(e)), the Company is not required to provide the information required by this Item as it is a "smaller reporting company," as defined by Rule 229.10(f)(1).

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed pursuant to the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules, regulations and related forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our CEO and CFO, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q.

(b) Changes in internal controls

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On or about August 3, 2018, written decisions of administration penalty captioned Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 291, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 292, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 293, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 294, Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 295 and Shou Guo Tu Zi Fa Gao Zi [2018] No. 296 (together, the "Written Decisions") were served on Shouguang City Haoyuan Chemical Company Limited ("SCHC") by the Shouguang City Natural Resources and Planning Bureau (the "Bureau"), naming SCHC as respondent.

For more details and information related to the Written Decisions, please see "Note 19 – Loss Contingencies, Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statement" contained in this quarterly report.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Before you invest you should carefully review our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in Item 2 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our consolidated financial statements and related notes, as well as our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the other information in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Readers should carefully review risks described in other documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 2. Unregistered Shares of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description

- 31.1 <u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
- 31.2 <u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
- 32.1 <u>Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350</u>, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- The following financial statements from Gulf Resources, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss); (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity; (iv) the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows; and, (v) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GULF RESOURCES, INC.

Dated: May 17, 2021 By: /s/ Xiaobin Liu

Xiaobin Liu

Chief Executive Officer

Dated: May 17, 2021 By: /s/ Min Li

Min Li

Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 31.1

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Xiaobin Liu, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2021 of Gulf Resources, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Xiaobin Liu
Xiaobin Liu
Chief Executive Officer and President

Dated: May 17, 2021

Exhibit 31.2

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13A-14(A)/15D-14(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Min Li, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2021 of Gulf Resources, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Min Li
Min Li
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: May 17, 2021

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Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AND EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(b) AND 15d-14(b) (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Gulf Resources, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of the operation of the Company.

Dated: May 17, 2021

By: /s/ Xiaobin Liu

Xiaobin Liu

Chief Executive Officer and President

Dated: May 17, 2021

By: /s/ Min Li

Min Li

Chief Financial Officer